

# High-Temperature Superconductivity

Newer unconventional or high-temperature superconductors function at slightly elevated temperatures and seemed to work differently from the first materials.

A hydrogen-sulfur compound under pressure may transport electrical current with no resistance at a record high temperature.

High-temperature superconductors (abbreviated high- $T_c$  or HTS) are materials that behave as superconductors at unusually high temperatures. The first high- $T_c$

Get this from a library! High-temperature superconductivity. [V L Ginzburg; D A Kirzhnits; A K Agyei; Joseph L Birman;]

HIGH TEMPERATURE SUPERCONDUCTIVITY. People 704. Documents 226. Jobs 0. Related Research Interests. High Temperature Superconductors. 51. Finite Element Methods

A research group at Tohoku University has succeeded in fabricating an atomically thin, high-temperature superconductor film with a superconducting transition

Theorists and experimentalists working together at Cornell may have found the answer to a major challenge in condensed matter physics: identifying the smoking gun of

My comments below refer to high temperature superconductivity in the cuprates, not the iron pnictides (a more recently discovered family of materials with high

Uses of Superconductivity. In theory, high-temperature superconductors could improve all existing electronics. By replacing copper with superconductors, no energy

I first learned of the existence of this book on high-temperature superconductivity when I received a copy in the office of one of the co-editors, Prof.

High-Temperature Superconductivity: An Introduction [Gerald Burns] on Amazon.com. \*FREE\* shipping on qualifying offers. Here is a concise, tutorial overview of the

Applications of High Temperature Superconductors (HTS) in large-scale electric devices strongly depends on the capability of making them in form of high-current wires

Method allows direct detection of rapid fluctuations that may help to explain how high-temperature superconducting materials work.

SUPERCONDUCTORS.ORG is a non-profit, non-affiliated website intended to introduce beginners and non-technical people to the world of superconductors.

Nov 04, 2008 Like astronomers tweaking images to gain a more detailed glimpse of distant stars, physicists at Brookhaven National Laboratory have found ways to sharpen

High-Temperature Superconductivity. Understanding high-temperature superconductivity in layered cuprates remains one of the leading challenges in condensed matter

For years some physicists have been hoping to crack the mystery of high-temperature superconductivity the ability of some complex materials to carry electricity

Low Temperature Superconductivity. LTS stands for low temperature superconductor, which typically refers to the Nb-based alloy (most commonly Nb-47wt.%Ti) and

Overview. The discovery of high-temperature superconducting materials in 1986 sparked a dream of an amazing new electrical world a world of loss-free power

High Temperature Superconductivity The Road to Higher Critical Temperature. Authors: Uchida, Shin-ichi

Applications of Superconductivity. The early superconductors were chunks of metal. A breakthrough came in the 1960s with the development of a superconducting wire, an

Summary High Temperature Superconductivity provides a broad survey of high temperature superconductivity, discussing the adaptations of experimental and theoretical

You just can't keep a good superconductor down. An iron-based crystal has been found to regain the ability to conduct electricity without resistance when placed

High-Temperature Superconductivity [V.L. Ginzburg, D.A. Kirzhnits] on Amazon.com. \*FREE\* shipping on qualifying offers. An important survey of early work on high

High-Temperature Superconductors provides an up-to-date and comprehensive review of the properties of these fascinating materials. Much has been learned about the

Map showing DOE's partners/stakeholders in the High Temperature Superconductivity Program

Superconductivity is a phenomenon of exactly zero electrical resistance and expulsion of magnetic fields occurring in certain materials when cooled below a

Experimentalists have pinpointed the microscopic structure of waves inside high-temperature superconductors, which could be the key to understanding the complex

If we are to see the promised benefits of high-temperature superconductors, such as low-loss motors and generators or maglev trains, we will need superconductors that  
Using world-record high magnetic fields available at the National High Magnetic Field Laboratory High-temperature superconductors have been a thriving field of

My take is that the theory for most high temperature superconductors is incomplete, which makes it difficult to find even higher temperature superconductors